



Integrating the welfare interests of humans and animals



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CEO



Moving the world to protect animals



Oficinas:

- | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------|
| 1 Australia | 4 Costa Rica | 7 India | 10 Nueva Zelanda | 13 Reino Unido |
| 2 Brasil | 5 China | 8 Kenia | 11 Suecia | 14 Estados Unidos |
| 3 Canadá | 6 Dinamarca | 9 Holanda | 12 Tailandia | |

Antes conocidos como WSPA
(Sociedad Mundial para
la Protección Animal)

Improving animal protection



- Working with stakeholders
 - Producers, retailers, consumers/citizens, trade associations, scientists, vets, NGOs, religious groups, cultural groups, governments, IGOs
- Identifying benefits to humans, animals and environment
 - Farm animals
 - Animals in communities
 - Animals in the wild
 - Animals affected by disasters

Sustainability



Environmental

Animal management
Animal welfare

Economic

Social





OIE

Guiding principles for animal welfare

5. Use of animals in agriculture, education and research, and for companionship, recreation and entertainment, makes a major contribution to the wellbeing of people
6. Use of animals carries with it an ethical responsibility to ensure their welfare
7. Improvements in farm animal welfare often improve productivity and food safety and lead to economic benefits

UN

Sustainable Development Goals



2030 Agenda:

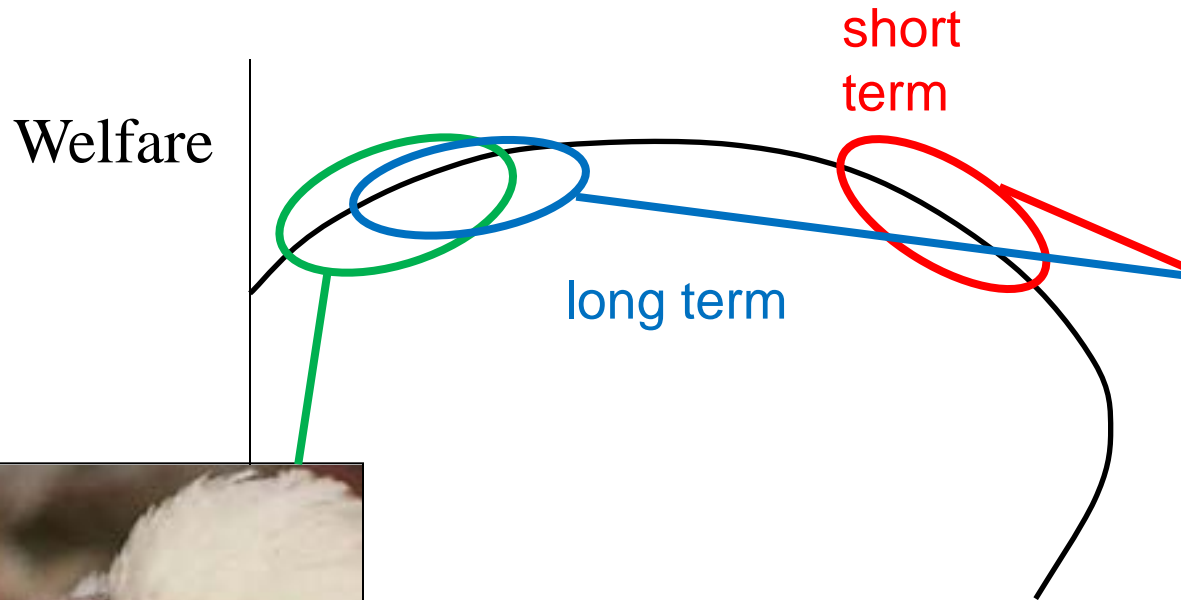
- Ensure food security within sustainable food production systems
- End rabies and other neglected tropical diseases
- Significantly reduce the number of people affected by disasters, increasing resilience and protecting animals as productive assets.
- End poaching and trafficking of protected wild species (2030) and significantly reduce marine debris (2025)

Farm animals

- Humane handling and slaughter increase:
 - Yield of saleable meat
 - Food safety
 - Disease control
 - Worker safety
 - Profit
- Brazil, China, Asia
- Broilers



Farm animals: economics



Productivity

McInerney

Farm animals: economics long-term



Farm animals: businesses, investors and consumers

BBFAW
Business Benchmark
on Farm Animal Welfare



Animals in communities



Rabies / Free roaming dogs

- Killing does not work
- Human and animal behaviour
- Environmental factors
- Some dogs are owned
- Some are community dogs



Animals in communities



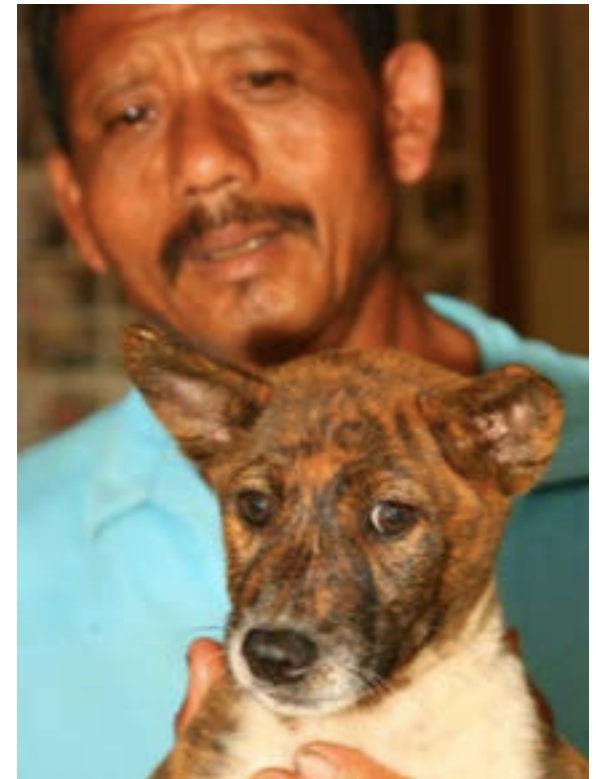
“Stray dogs that are under a certain level of control may be understood as a sanitary and a reproductive barrier for the communities where they live”

Molento 2014



Animals in communities

- ICAM (International Companion Animal Management Coalition)
- Collaborating with universities and others
- 'Are we making a difference? A Guide to Monitoring and Evaluating Dog Population Management Interventions' 2015
- Impacts on dogs, public health, wildlife, livestock



Animals in the wild



- Ghost gear
 - At least 136,000 seals, sea lions and large whales killed each year
 - 640,000 tonnes of gear per year

Animals in the wild



- **Global Ghost Gear Initiative**
 - Multi-stakeholder alliance to drive economically viable and sustainable solutions

Animals affected by disasters



- A billion of the world's poorest people depend on animals for food, income, social status or cultural identification, as well as companionship and security
- Disaster management
 - Preparedness
 - Response
- Working with
 - Local and national partners
 - International Red Cross
 - Governments
 - OIE

Animals affected by disasters



- Training people
- Developing community emergency plans that include animals
- Setting up early warning systems
- Helping people store and protect food and water
- Building and securing animal shelters
- Running vaccination programmes
- Public service announcements on caring for animals during disasters

Sustainability / Food security



Environmental

Animal management
Animal welfare

Economic

Social





UN Committee on World Food Security (CFS)



2014

Principles for Responsible Investment in Agriculture and
Food Systems to enhance Food Security and Nutrition

High Level Panel of Experts 2016

Sustainable agricultural development for food security
and nutrition: what roles for livestock?



UN Committee on World Food Security (CFS)



Making a Difference in Food Security and Nutrition
Oct 2016

Section 3. Recommendations for Livestock Production
Systems

8. Improve animal health and welfare
 - a) Enable access to veterinary and extension services ...
 - b) Improve animal health management ... by following OIE standards, and the One Health approach ...
 - d) Improve animal welfare delivering on the five freedoms and related OIE standards and principles ...
 - e) Promote access to good quality feed and ... sustainable feeding practices



UN Committee on World Food Security (CFS)



Making a Difference in Food Security and Nutrition

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12. Promote the sustainability of intensive systems

d) Promote a physical environment and genetic selection that ensures compliance with the OIE welfare standards, including the Five Freedoms



Integrating the welfare interests of humans and animals



- Collaboration & partnerships
- OIE: One World, One Health, One Welfare
- Caring for animals, for humans and for the environment