GLOSSARY

For the purposes of the *Terrestrial Code*:

ANIMAL

means a mammal, reptile, bird or bee.

ANIMAL FOR BREEDING OR REARING

means a domesticated or confined *animal* which is not intended for *slaughter* within a short time.

ANIMAL FOR SLAUGHTER

means an *animal* intended for *slaughter* within a short time, under the control of the relevant *Veterinary Authority*.

ANIMAL HANDLER

means a person with a knowledge of the behaviour and needs of *animals* who, with appropriate experience and a professional and positive response to an *animal*'s needs, can achieve effective management and good *welfare*. Competence should be gained through formal training or practical experience.

ANIMAL HEALTH MANAGEMENT

means a system designed to optimise the physical and behavioural health and welfare of *animals*. It includes the prevention, treatment and control of diseases and conditions affecting the individual *animal* and *herd* or *flock*, including the recording of illness, injuries, mortalities and medical treatments where appropriate.

ANIMAL HEALTH STATUS

means the status of a country, *zone* or *compartment* with respect to an animal disease in accordance with the criteria listed in the relevant disease-specific chapter or Chapter 1.4. of the *Terrestrial Code*.

ANIMAL IDENTIFICATION

means the combination of the identification and *registration* of an *animal* individually, with a unique identifier, or collectively by its *epidemiological unit* or group, with a unique group identifier.

ANIMAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

means the inclusion and linking of components such as identification of *establishments* or owners, the persons responsible for the *animals*, movements and other records with *animal identification*.

ANIMAL TRACEABILITY

means the ability to follow an *animal* or group of *animals* during all stages of its life.

ANIMAL WELFARE

means the physical and mental state of an *animal* in relation to the conditions in which it lives and dies.

ANTIMICROBIAL AGENT

means a naturally occurring, semi-synthetic or synthetic substance that exhibits antimicrobial activity (kill or inhibit the growth of micro-organisms) at concentrations attainable *in vivo*. Anthelmintics and substances classed as disinfectants or antiseptics are excluded from this definition.

APIARY

means a *beehive* or group of *beehives* whose management allows them to be considered as a single *epidemiological unit*.

APPROVED

means officially approved, accredited or registered by the *Veterinary Authority*.

ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION CENTRE

means a facility approved by the *Veterinary Authority* and which meets the conditions set out in the *Terrestrial Code* for the collection, processing and/or storage of semen.

BEEHIVE

means a structure for the keeping of honey bee colonies that is being used for that purpose, including frameless hives, fixed frame hives and all designs of moveable frame hives (including nucleus hives), but not including packages or cages used to confine bees for the purposes of transport or isolation.

BIOSECURITY

means a set of management and physical measures designed to reduce the *risk* of introduction, establishment and spread of animal diseases, *infections* or *infestations* to, from and within an animal population.

BIOSECURITY PLAN

means a plan that identifies potential pathways for the introduction and spread of disease in a *zone* or *compartment*, and describes the measures which are being or will be applied to mitigate the disease *risks*, if applicable, in accordance with the recommendations in the *Terrestrial Code*.

BORDER POST

means any airport, or any port, railway station or road check-point open to *international trade* of *commodities*, where import veterinary inspections can be performed.

CAPTIVE WILD [ANIMAL]

means an *animal* that has a phenotype not significantly affected by human selection but that is captive or otherwise lives under or requires human supervision or control.

CASE

means an individual *animal* infected by a pathogenic agent, with or without clinical signs.

CASINGS

means intestines and bladders that, after cleaning, have been processed by tissue scraping, defatting and washing, and have been treated with salt.

COLLECTION CENTRE

means a facility approved by the *Veterinary Authority* for the collection of oocytes or embryos and used exclusively for donor animals which meet the conditions of the *Terrestrial Code*.

COMMODITY

means live *animals*, products of animal origin, animal genetic material, biological products and *pathological material*.

COMPARTMENT

means an animal *subpopulation* contained in one or more *establishments*, separated from other susceptible *populations* by a common biosecurity management system, and with a specific *animal health status* with respect to one or more *infections* or *infestations* for which the necessary *surveillance*, *biosecurity* and control measures have been applied for the purposes of *international trade* or disease prevention and control in a country or *zone*.

COMPETENT AUTHORITY

means the *Veterinary Authority* or other Governmental Authority of a Member Country having the responsibility and competence for ensuring or supervising the implementation of animal health and *welfare* measures, international veterinary certification and other standards and recommendations in the *Terrestrial Code* and in the OIE *Aquatic Animal Health Code* in the whole territory.

CONTAINER

means a non-self-propelled receptacle or other rigid structure for holding *animals* during a *journey* by one or several means of transport.

CONTAINMENT ZONE

means an *infected zone* defined within a previously free country or *zone*, which includes all suspected or confirmed *cases* that are epidemiologically linked and where movement control, *biosecurity* and *sanitary measures* are applied to prevent the spread of, and to eradicate, the *infection* or *infestation*.

DAY-OLD BIRDS

means birds aged not more than 72 hours after hatching.

DEATH

means the irreversible loss of brain activity demonstrable by the loss of brain stem reflexes.

DISINFECTION

means the application, after thorough cleansing, of procedures intended to destroy the infectious or parasitic agents of animal diseases, including zoonoses; this applies to premises, *vehicles* and different objects which may have been directly or indirectly contaminated.

DISINFESTATION

means the application of procedures intended to eliminate *infestation*.

EARLY WARNING SYSTEM

means a system for the timely detection, reporting and communication of occurrence, incursion or emergence of diseases, *infections* or *infestations* in a country, *zone* or *compartment*.

EMERGING DISEASE

means a new occurrence in an *animal* of a disease, *infection* or *infestation*, causing a significant impact on animal or public health resulting from:

a) a change of a known pathogenic agent or its spread to a new geographic area or species; or

b) a previously unrecognised pathogenic agent or disease diagnosed for the first time.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL UNIT

means a group of *animals* with the same likelihood of exposure to a pathogenic agent. In certain circumstances, the epidemiological unit may be a single *animal*.

ERADICATION

means the elimination of a pathogenic agent from a country or *zone*.

ESTABLISHMENT

means the premises in which *animals* are kept.

EUTHANASIA

means the act of inducing *death* using a method that causes a rapid and irreversible loss of consciousness with minimum pain and distress to *animal*.

EXPORTING COUNTRY

means a country from which *commodities* are sent to another country.

FEED

means any material (single or multiple), whether processed, semi-processed or raw, which is intended to be fed directly to terrestrial *animals* (except bees).

FEED INGREDIENT

means a component part or constituent of any combination or mixture making up a *feed*, whether or not it has a nutritional value in the *animal*'s diet, including feed additives. Ingredients are of plant (including aquatic plants) or terrestrial or aquatic animal origin, or other organic or inorganic substances.

FERAL [ANIMAL]

means an *animal* of a domesticated species that lives without requiring human supervision or control.

FLOCK

means a number of *animals* of one kind kept together under human control or a congregation of gregarious *wild animals*. A *flock* is usually regarded as an *epidemiological unit*.

FREE COMPARTMENT

means a *compartment* in which the absence of the animal pathogenic agent causing the disease under consideration has been demonstrated by all requirements specified in the *Terrestrial Code* for free status being met.

FREE ZONE

means a *zone* in which the absence of a specific *infection* or *infestation* in an animal *population* has been demonstrated in accordance with the relevant requirements of the *Terrestrial Code*.

FRESH MEAT

means *meat* that has not been subjected to any treatment irreversibly modifying its organoleptic and physicochemical characteristics. This includes frozen *meat*, chilled *meat*, minced *meat* and mechanically recovered *meat*.

GOOD MANUFACTURING PRACTICE

means a production and testing practice recognised by the *Competent Authority* to ensure the quality of a product.

GREAVES

means the protein-containing residue obtained after the partial separation of fat and water during the process of rendering.

HATCHING EGGS

means fertilised bird eggs, suitable for incubation and hatching.

HAZARD

means a biological, chemical or physical agent in, or a condition of, an *animal* or animal product with the potential to cause an adverse health effect.

HEADQUARTERS

means the Permanent Secretariat of the World Organisation for Animal Health located at:

12, rue de Prony, 75017 Paris, FRANCE
Telephone: 33-(0)1 44 15 18 88
Fax: 33-(0)1 42 67 09 87
Electronic mail: oie@oie.int
WWW: http://www.oie.int

HERD

means a number of *animals* of one kind kept together under human control or a congregation of gregarious *wild animals*. A *herd* is usually regarded as an *epidemiological unit*.

IMPORTING COUNTRY

means a country that is the final destination to which *commodities* are sent.

INCIDENCE

means the number of new *cases* or *outbreaks* of a disease that occur in a population at risk in a particular geographical area within a defined time interval.

INCUBATION PERIOD

means the longest period that elapses between the introduction of the pathogenic agent into the *animal* and the occurrence of the first clinical signs of the disease.

INFECTED ZONE

means a *zone* either in which an *infection* or *infestation* has been confirmed, or one that is defined as such in the relevant chapters of the *Terrestrial Code*.

INFECTION

means the entry and development or multiplication of a pathogenic agent in the body of humans or *animals*.

INFECTIVE PERIOD

means the longest period during which an affected *animal* can be a source of *infection*.

INFESTATION

means the external invasion or colonisation of *animals* or their immediate surroundings by arthropods, which may cause clinical signs or are potential *vectors* of pathogenic agents.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE

means importation, exportation and transit of *commodities*.

INTERNATIONAL VETERINARY CERTIFICATE

means a certificate, issued in accordance with Chapter 5.2., describing the animal health and public health requirements that are fulfilled by the exported *commodities*.

JOURNEY

An *animal* transport journey commences when the first *animal* is loaded onto a *vehicle*/*vessel* or into a *container* and ends when the last *animal* is unloaded, and includes any stationary resting/holding periods. The same *animals* do not commence a new journey until after a suitable period for rest and recuperation, with adequate *feed* and water.

KILLING

means any procedure that causes the *death* of an *animal*.

LABORATORY

means a properly equipped institution staffed by technically competent personnel under the control of a specialist in veterinary diagnostic methods, who is responsible for the validity of the results. The *Veterinary Authority* approves and monitors such laboratories with regard to the diagnostic tests required for *international trade*.

LAIRAGE

means pens, yards and other holding areas used for accommodating *animals* in order to give them necessary attention (such as water, *feed*, rest) before they are moved on or used for specific purposes including *slaughter*.

LISTED DISEASE

means a disease, *infection* or *infestation* listed in Chapter 1.3. after adoption by the World Assembly of OIE Delegates.

LOADING/UNLOADING

Loading means the procedure of moving *animals* onto a *vehicle*/*vessel* or into a *container* for transport purposes, while unloading means the procedure of moving *animals* off a *vehicle*/*vessel* or out of a *container*.

MARKET

means a place where *animals* are assembled for the purposes of trade or sale.

MEAT

means all edible parts of an *animal*.

MEAT-AND-BONE MEAL

means the solid protein products obtained when animal tissues are rendered, and includes any intermediate protein product other than peptides of a molecular weight less than 10,000 daltons and amino-acids.

MEAT PRODUCTS

means *meat* that has been subjected to a treatment irreversibly modifying its organoleptic and physicochemical characteristics.

MILK

means the normal mammary secretion of milking *animals* obtained from one or more milkings without either addition to it or extraction from it.

MILK PRODUCT

means the product obtained by any processing of *milk*.

MONITORING

means the intermittent performance and analysis of routine measurements and observations, aimed at detecting changes in the environment or health status of a *population*.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASE

means a disease listed by the *Veterinary Authority*, and that, as soon as detected or suspected, should be brought to the attention of this *Authority*, in accordance with national regulations.

NOTIFICATION

means the procedure by which:

a) the *Veterinary Authority* informs the *Headquarters*,

b) the *Headquarters* inform the *Veterinary Authority*,

of the occurrence of disease, *infection* or *infestation* in accordance with Chapter 1.1.

OFFICIAL CONTROL PROGRAMME

means a programme which is approved, and managed or supervised by the *Veterinary Authority* of a Member Country for the purposes of controlling a *vector*, pathogenic agent or disease by specific measures applied throughout that Member Country, or within a *zone* or *compartment* of that Member Country.

OFFICIAL VETERINARIAN

means a *veterinarian* authorised by the *Veterinary Authority* of the country to perform certain designated official tasks associated with animal health or public health and inspections of *commodities* and, when appropriate, to certify in accordance with Chapters 5.1. and 5.2.

OFFICIAL VETERINARY CONTROL

means the operations whereby the *Veterinary Services*, knowing the location of the *animals* and after taking appropriate actions to identify their owner or responsible keeper, are able to apply appropriate animal health measures, as required. This does not exclude other responsibilities of the *Veterinary Services* e.g. food safety.

OUTBREAK

means the occurrence of one or more *cases* in an *epidemiological unit*.

OWNED DOG

means a dog for which a person claims responsibility.

PATHOLOGICAL MATERIAL

means samples obtained from live or dead *animals*, containing or suspected of containing infectious or parasitic agents, to be sent to a *laboratory*.

PLACE OF SHIPMENT

means the place where the *commodities* are loaded into the *vehicle* or handed to the agency that will transport them to another country.

POPULATION

means a group of *units* sharing a common defined characteristic.

POULTRY

means all birds reared or kept in captivity for the production of any commercial animal products or for breeding for this purpose, fighting cocks used for any purpose, and all birds used for restocking supplies of game or for breeding for this purpose, until they are released from captivity.

Birds that are kept in a single household, the products of which are used within the same household exclusively, are not considered *poultry*, provided that they have no direct or indirect contact with *poultry* or *poultry* facilities.

Birds that are kept in captivity for other reasons, including those that are kept for shows, racing, exhibitions, zoological collections and competitions, and for breeding or selling for these purposes, as well as pet birds, are not considered *poultry*, provided that they have no direct or indirect contact with *poultry* or *poultry* facilities.

PRE-JOURNEY PERIOD

means the period during which *animals* are identified, and often assembled for the purposes of *loading* them.

PREVALENCE

means the total number of *cases* or *outbreaks* of a disease that are present in a population at risk, in a particular geographical area, at one specified time or during a given period.

PROTECTION ZONE

means a *zone* where specific *biosecurity* and *sanitary measures* are implemented to prevent the entry of a pathogenic agent into a free country or *zone* from a neighbouring country or *zone* of a different *animal health status*.

QUALITATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT

means an assessment where the outputs on the likelihood of the outcome or the magnitude of the consequences are expressed in qualitative terms such as “high”, “medium”, “low” or “negligible”.

QUANTITATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT

means an assessment where the outputs of the *risk assessment* are expressed numerically.

QUARANTINE STATION

means an establishment under the control of the *Veterinary Authority* where *animals* are maintained in isolation with no direct or indirect contact with other *animals*, to ensure that there is no transmission of specified pathogenic agents outside the establishment while the *animals* are undergoing observation for a specified length of time and, if appropriate, testing or treatment.

REGISTRATION

is the action by which information on *animals* (such as identification, animal health, movement, certification, epidemiology, *establishments*) is collected, recorded, securely stored and made appropriately accessible and able to be utilised by the *Competent Authority*.

RESPONSIBLE DOG OWNERSHIP

means the situation whereby a person accepts and commits to perform various duties in accordance with the legislation in place and focused on the satisfaction of the behavioural, environmental and physical needs of a dog and to the prevention of risks (aggression, disease transmission or injuries) that the dog may pose to the community, other *animals* or the environment.

RESTING POINT

means a place where the *journey* is interrupted to rest, *feed* or water the *animals*; the *animals* may remain in the *vehicle*/*vessel* or *container*, or be unloaded for these purposes.

RESTRAINT

means the application to an *animal* of any procedure designed to restrict its movements.

RISK

means the likelihood of the occurrence and the likely magnitude of the biological and economic consequences of an adverse event or effect to animal or human health.

RISK ANALYSIS

means the process composed of *hazard* identification, *risk assessment*, *risk management* and *risk communication*.

RISK ASSESSMENT

means the evaluation of the likelihood and the biological and economic consequences of entry, establishment and spread of a *hazard*.

RISK COMMUNICATION

is the interactive transmission and exchange of information and opinions throughout the *risk analysis* process concerning *risk*, *risk*-related factors and *risk* perceptions among *risk* assessors, *risk* managers, *risk* communicators, the general public and other interested parties.

RISK MANAGEMENT

means the process of identifying, selecting and implementing measures that can be applied to reduce the level of *risk*.

SAFE COMMODITY

means a *commodity* that can be traded without the need for *risk* mitigation measures specifically directed against a particular *listed disease*, *infection* or *infestation* and regardless of the status of the country or *zone* of origin for that disease, *infection* or *infestation*.

SANITARY MEASURE

means a measure, such as those described in various chapters of the *Terrestrial Code*, designed to protect animal or human health or life within the whole territory or a *zone* of a Member Country from *risks* arising from the entry, establishment or spread of a *hazard*.

SLAUGHTER

means any procedure that causes the *death* of an *animal* by bleeding.

SLAUGHTERHOUSE/ABATTOIR

means premises, including facilities for moving or lairaging *animals*, used for the *slaughter* of *animals* to produce animal products and approved by the *Veterinary Services* or other *Competent Authority*.

SPACE ALLOWANCE

means the measure of the floor area and height allocated per individual or body weight of *animals*.

SPECIFIC SURVEILLANCE

means the *surveillance* targeted to a specific disease or *infection*.

STAMPING-OUT POLICY

means a policy designed to eliminate an *outbreak* by carrying out under the authority of the *Veterinary Authority* the following:

a) the *killing* of the *animals* which are affected and those suspected of being affected in the *herd* or *flock* and, where appropriate, those in other *herds* or *flocks* which have been exposed to *infection* by direct animal to animal contact, or by indirect contact with the causal pathogenic agent; *animals* should be killed in accordance with Chapter 7.6.;

b) the disposal of carcasses and, where relevant, animal products by rendering, burning or burial, or by any other method described in Chapter 4.13.;

c) the cleansing and *disinfection* of *establishments* through procedures defined in Chapter 4.14.

STOCKING DENSITY

means the number or body weight of *animals* per unit area on a *vehicle*/*vessel* or *container*.

STRAY DOG

means any dog not under direct control by a person or not prevented from roaming. Types of stray dog:

a) free-roaming owned dog not under direct control or restriction at a particular time,

b) free-roaming dog with no owner,

c) *feral* dog: domestic dog that has reverted to the wild state and is no longer directly dependent upon humans.

STUNNING

means any mechanical, electrical, chemical or other procedure that causes immediate loss of consciousness; when used before *slaughter*, the loss of consciousness lasts until *death* from the *slaughter* process; in the absence of *slaughter*, the procedure would allow the *animal* to recover consciousness.

SUBPOPULATION

means a distinct part of a *population* identifiable in accordance with specific common animal health characteristics.

SURVEILLANCE

means the systematic ongoing collection, collation, and analysis of information related to animal health and the timely dissemination of information so that action can be taken.

TERRESTRIAL CODE

means the OIE *Terrestrial Animal Health Code*.

TERRESTRIAL MANUAL

means the OIE *Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals*.

TRANSIT COUNTRY

means a country through which *commodities* destined for an *importing country* are transported or in which a stopover is made at a *border post*.

UNIT

means an individually identifiable element used to describe, for example, the members of a *population* or the elements selected when sampling; examples of *units* include individual *animals*, *herds*, *flocks* and *apiaries*.

VACCINATION

means the administration of a vaccine, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and the *Terrestrial Manual*, when relevant, with the intention of inducing immunity in an *animal* or group of *animals* against one or more pathogenic agents.

VECTOR

means an insect or any living carrier that transports an infectious agent from an infected individual to a susceptible individual or its food or immediate surroundings. The organism may or may not pass through a development cycle within the *vector*.

VEHICLE/VESSEL

means any means of conveyance including train, truck, aircraft or ship that is used for carrying *animals*.

VETERINARIAN

means a person with appropriate education, registered or licensed by the relevant *veterinary statutory body* of a country to practice veterinary medicine/science in that country.

VETERINARY AUTHORITY

means the Governmental Authority of a Member Country, comprising *veterinarians*, other professionals and paraprofessionals, having the responsibility and competence for ensuring or supervising the implementation of animal health and *welfare* measures, international veterinary certification and other standards and recommendations in the *Terrestrial Code* in the whole territory.

VETERINARY LEGISLATION

means laws, regulations and all associated legal instruments that pertain to the veterinary domain.

VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

means any product with approved claims to having a prophylactic, therapeutic or diagnostic effect or to alter physiological functions when administered or applied to an *animal*.

VETERINARY PARAPROFESSIONAL

means a person who, for the purposes of the *Terrestrial Code*, is authorised by the *veterinary statutory body* to carry out certain designated tasks (dependent upon the category of *veterinary paraprofessional*) in a territory, and delegated to them under the responsibility and direction of a *veterinarian*. The tasks for each category of *veterinary paraprofessional* should be defined by the *veterinary statutory body* depending on qualifications and training, and in accordance with need.

VETERINARY SERVICES

means the governmental and non-governmental organisations that implement animal health and *welfare* measures and other standards and recommendations in the *Terrestrial Code* and the OIE *Aquatic Animal Health Code* in the territory. The Veterinary Services are under the overall control and direction of the *Veterinary Authority*. Private sector organisations, *veterinarians*, *veterinary paraprofessionals* or aquatic animal health professionals are normally accredited or approved by the *Veterinary Authority* to deliver the delegated functions.

VETERINARY STATUTORY BODY

means an autonomous regulatory body for *veterinarians* and *veterinary paraprofessionals*.

WILD [ANIMAL]

means an *animal* that has a phenotype unaffected by human selection and lives independently without requiring human supervision or control.

WILDLIFE

means *feral animals*, *captive wild animals* and *wild animals*.

ZONE

means a part of a country defined by the *Veterinary Authority*, containing an animal *population* or *subpopulation* with a specific *animal health status* with respect to an *infection* or *infestation* for the purposes of *international trade* or disease prevention or control.

NB: FIRST ADOPTED IN 1968; MOST RECENT UPDATE ADOPTED IN 2021.