

Capacity building in support of animal identification for recording and traceability: FAO's multipurpose and global approach

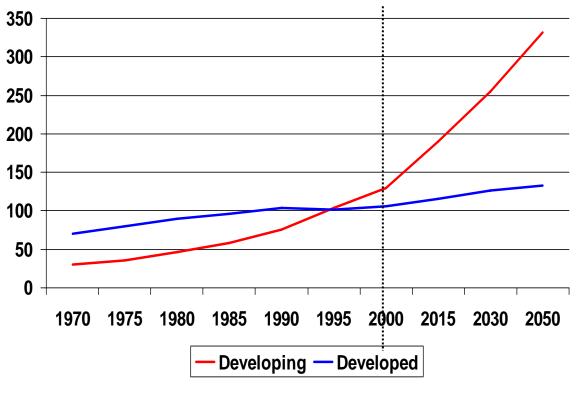
I. Hoffmann, D. Battaglia, B. Besbes and H. Wagner

OIE International Conference on Animal Identification and Traceability Buenos Aires, 23-25 March 2009



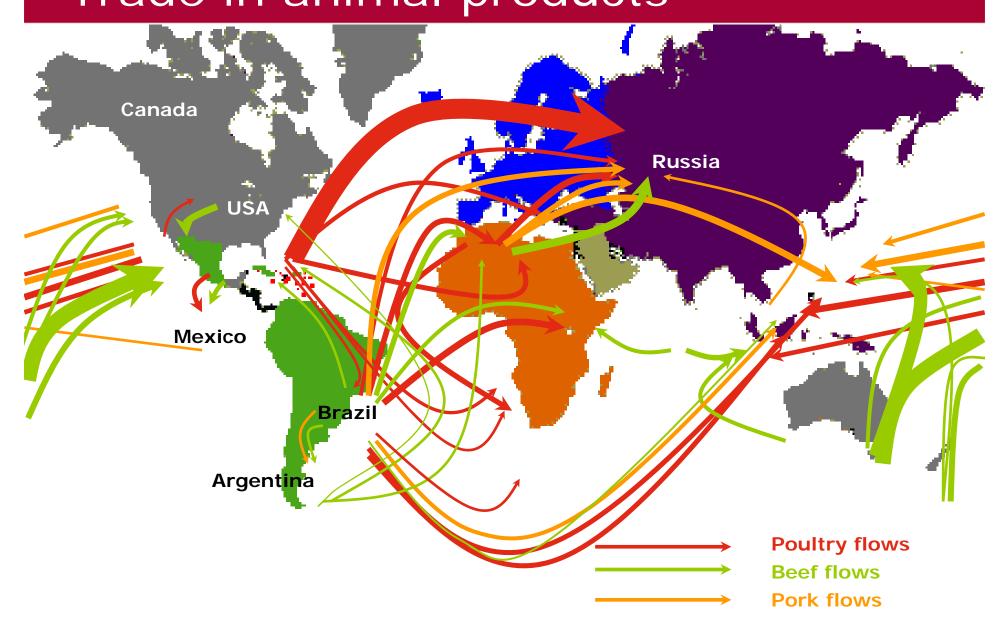
Soaring output and structural changes

Meat: Million metric tons



- Growing intensities
- Increasing scales
- Geographic shifts
 / geographic
 concentration
- Vertical integration/longer food chains







Problems related to trade and rule enforcement

- Conflict, war, strife
- Natural disasters
- Illegal trade
- Weak institutions



Push for traceability

- awareness of consumers about food safety, quality, animal welfare and environmental impact of livestock production
- reduction of government investment and privatization of government services



Protect human health (food safety) (WTO SPS Agreement)

- identify, trace and control animal movements
- identify, trace and recall unsafe foods (and feeds) at any stage of the food production and distribution chain
- tool of risk management

Ensure fair practices in food trade (WTO TBT Agreement)

 protect from deceptive practices and fraud in the market place and unsubstantiated product claims (e.g. geographic indication, food quality)



AI - Important tool for many purposes

Traceability of products

Traceability of animals

Theft control

Health certificates

Animal Welfare



Management on farm

Agricultural policy

Herdbook

Application of certain medicaments

Disease control

distribution of costs among all stakeholders



Competent authorities

- Traceability, incl. feed safety
- Public health
- Animal health and welfare
- Animal movement

Breeders organisations

- Production recording
- Herd book and IPR
- Artificial insemination and breeding programme management

Livestock and food industry

- Market access
- Traceability
- Product branding

Al & T Players – International level

- Standard and guideline setting
 - OIE
 - Codex Alimentarius
 - International Committee for Animal Recording (ICAR),
 ISO;
 - private/retail/processing
- Support to standards implementation
 - FAO and other technical agencies
 - World Bank and other funding agencies
 - Livestock and food industry



Standard "chain"

International standard setting body	Set International standard
National government	Translate into national legislation
Competent authorities	Implement and enforce laws
Audit/certification body	Certify compliance with standards



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Capacity building



- National Counterpart: Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock, Environment, Health, Planning etc
- Partners
 - international conventions and bodies (OIE, CODEX, WHO, CBD, UNDP, WB etc)
 - REO (EC, SADC, UEMOA, MERCOSUR etc)
 - CGIAR/ARIS/NARS
 - NGOs/CSO, professional organizations (WVF, WAAP etc)
 - private sector (IDF, IMS, IPC, IFIF, IFAP, EFFAB etc)



FAO's Global Goals

- reduce the number of people suffering from hunger;
- eliminate poverty, increase food production, enhance rural development and sustainable livelihoods;
- sustainably manage and utilize natural resources, for the benefit of present and future generations.



Core Functions of FAO

- monitor and assess trends in food security and agriculture, fisheries and forestry;
- generate, disseminate and apply information and knowledge, including statistics;
- negotiate international instruments; set norms, standards and voluntary guidelines,
- support the development of national legal instruments and promote their implementation;
- articulate policy and strategy options and advice;
- provide technical support and build capacity;
- advocate and communicate to mobilize political will;
- work in an integrated interdisciplinary and innovative approaches through strong partnerships and alliances.















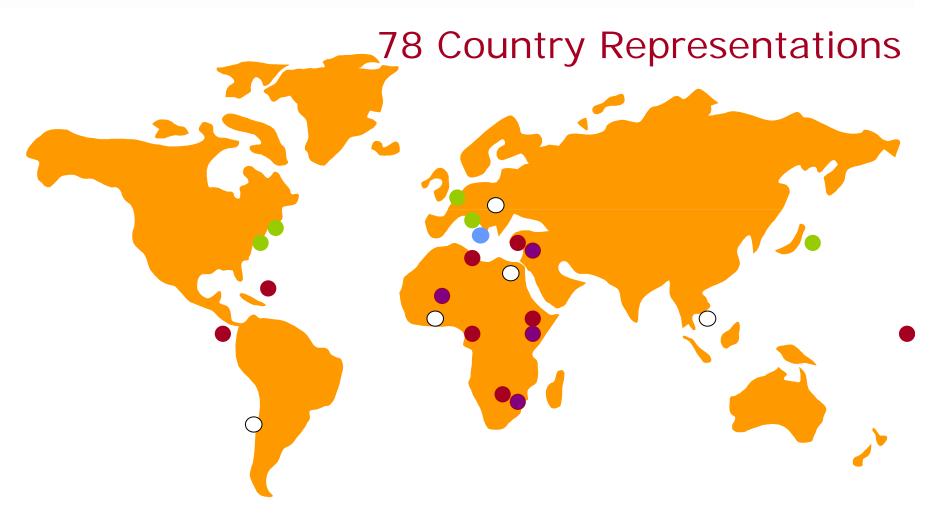
4 EAO/OIE animal health offices











Technical Cooperation Programme

since 1976, it provides
 FAO members with
 specialized assistance to
 address priority issues



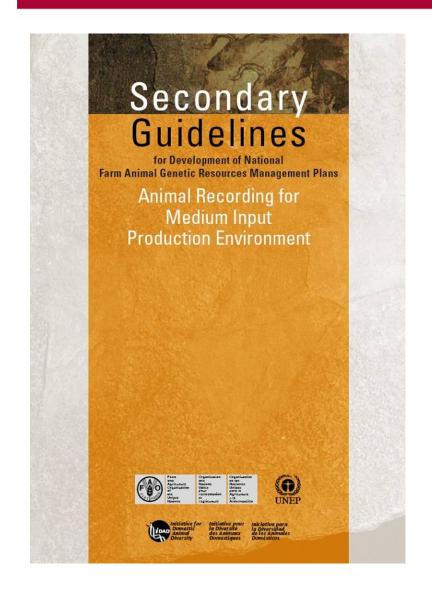
more info: http://www.fao.org/tc/tcp

FAO's activities in AI

- technical cooperation projects to draft legislation and design national AI (& R) systems; e.g. Chile, Uganda, Malawi, Lesotho, Ukraine, Nepal, etc.
- FAO-ICAR workshops on AI & T & R (e.g. Botswana 2009, Hungary 2008; Finland 2006, Tunisia 2004, etc.)
- lead ICAR Task Force for Developing Countries



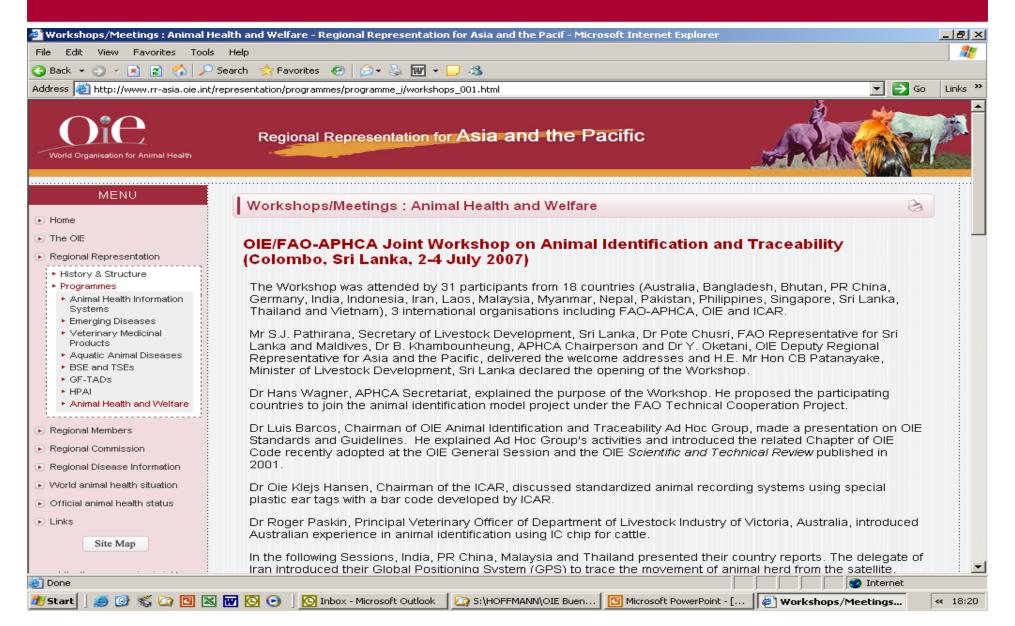
Guidelines for AI & R & T







FAO-APHCA





AI & T

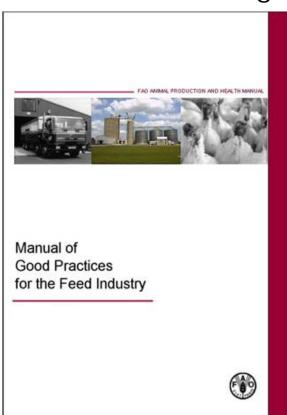






AI & T: implementing the Codex Codes

- Code of Hygienic Practice for Meat
- Code of Hygienic Practice for Milk and Milk Products
- Code of Practice on Good Animal Feeding





Manual of Good Practices for the Meat Industry

April 2004





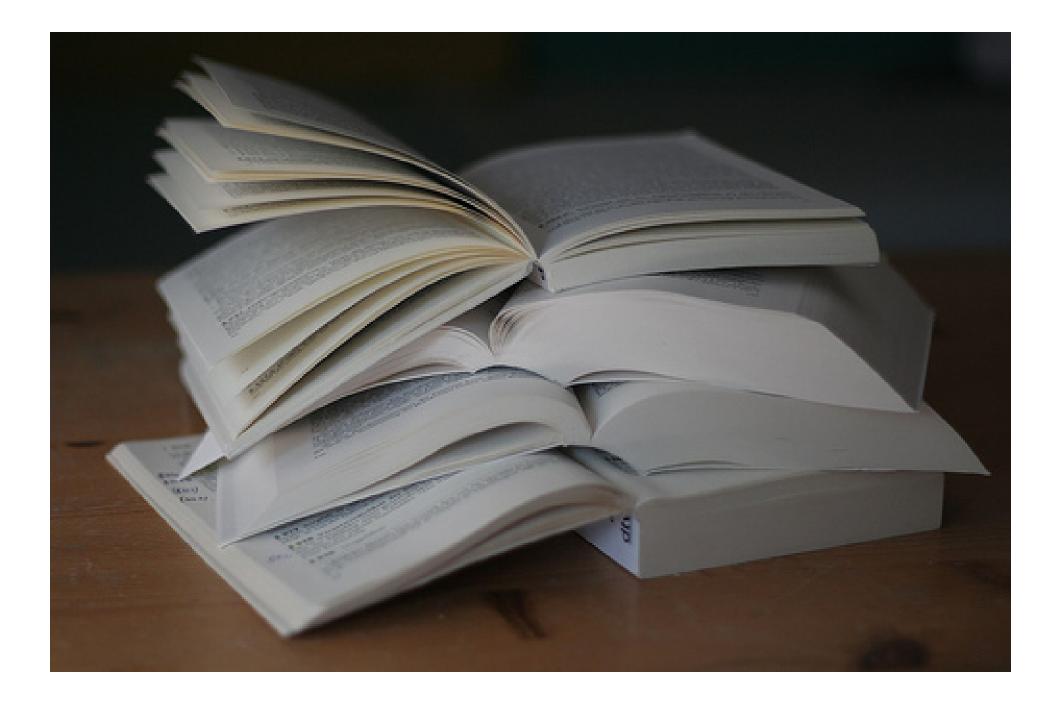
AI & T

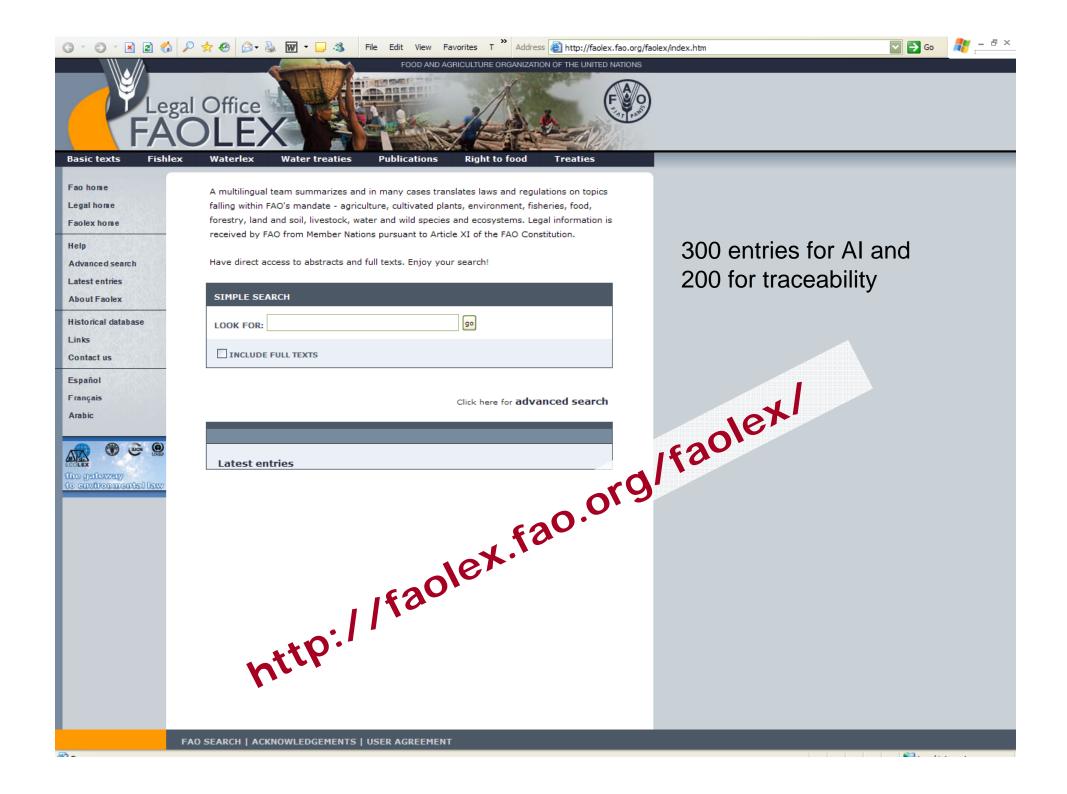
- AI &T as a relevant component of veterinary public health and food safety and quality technical cooperation projects (e.g. prevention and control of BSE and other zoonoses)
- Programme on Food Quality Linked to Geographical Origin and Traditions
 - regional seminars (Morocco, Chile, Serbia, Thailand) and forthcoming in Costa Rica
 - Technical cooperation project (Morocco, Tunisia, Latin America, Bhutan)
 - 10 case studies in Latin America + 6 in Asia
 - Forthcoming guide on how to establish specific quality scheme linked to geographical origin
 - Regional project in the Mediterranean (with CIHEAM)



Joint FAO/IAEA programme: nuclear techniques in food and agriculture

- Technical Co-operation
- Research Networks
- Coordinated Research Projects
- Agriculture and Biotechnology Laboratory Training Courses











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(N) EWS

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(F) EEDBACK

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Sudan, March 2008 Really am

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If you are a regular user, you will notice that the portal has recently undergone a bit of a makeover. The underlying quality of information is the same, and portal remains a reliable means of accessing official information on food safety, animal and plant health relevant to the SPS Agreement. We have improved the advanced search facility and added in some new functionality such as RSS feeds, and new data sets from IAEA, JECFA, OECD and WTO. A new User Guide can be downloaded from the Help menu, where you will also find information on how to contribute national material, as well as a FAOs section. We are constantly striving to improve the portal so please email us your comments, feedback and queries.







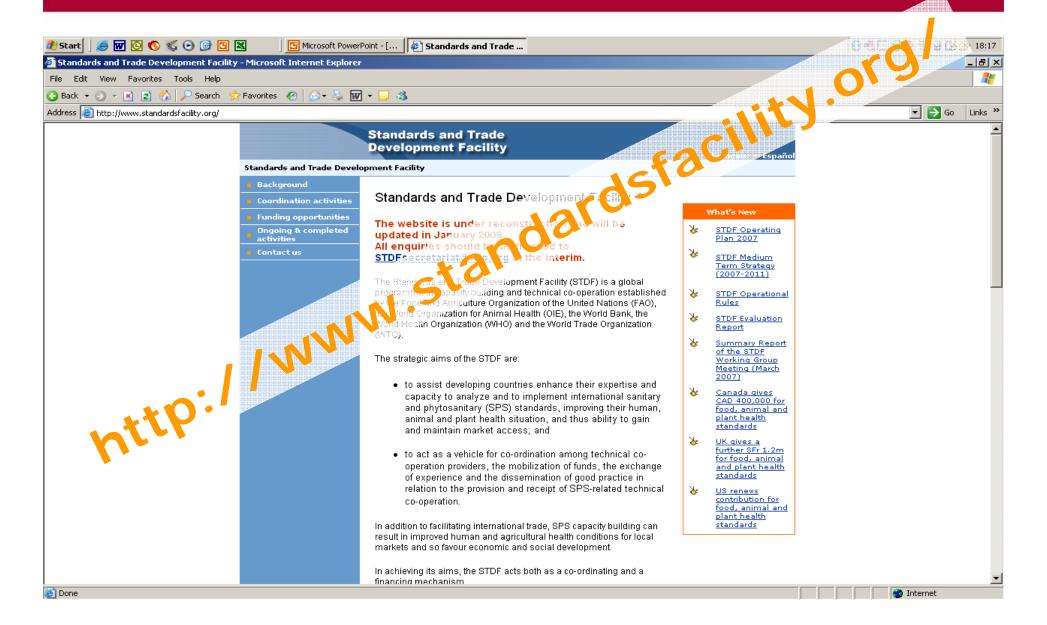








Standard and Trade Development Facility (STDF)







Results of Al survey (38 countries)

- No regional profile/specificity
- All systems and their implementation vary widely from country to country
- Different AI systems addressing different needs coexist
- Mostly for dairy cattle, but exist also for beef cattle (4), sheep (7), horses (2), buffalos (4), pigs (3)
- Many programmes have failed

(F)

Results of Al survey (38 countries)

Motivations

- Export (12), mandatory and/or voluntary;
 "forced to comply with EU regulations" (4),
 mandatory
- Genetic improvement (11), pedigree and performance recording, voluntary
- Maintain purity of breed (8) where breed societies exist, pedigree recording, voluntary
- Disease control (4), mandatory



Reasons for failure

- Producers' perceived intrusion & nonconfidentiality of information
- Initial cost and sustainability of the system, cost-benefit sharing
- Lack of:
 - infrastructure and support services;
 - capacity and education;
 - coordination among different players
 - legislative frameworks and enforcement



- Policy and legislative framework
- Efficiently and professionally run systems matching available infrastructure, cultural and traditional aspects
 - Government support technical/funding
 - Development of low cost and simple systems without compromising the accuracy/integrity - KISS principle
 - Phased implementation of the programme
 - Awareness and involvement of all stakeholders throughout the process
- Fair cost and benefit sharing
 - Relevant feedback of information to producers, higher prices



Requirements for success

At national level

- Studies to demonstrate the economic benefits of AI&R&T systems
- Integration of AI &R&T in a local service/extension package
- Coordination and cooperation among responsible organizations and all stakeholders

At international level

 Networking and exchange of experiences among all players: standard setting agencies, competent authorities, private sector, international agencies



thank you

