**Form for the annual reconfirmation of the bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) risk status of Members**

**To be filled in, dated, signed by the Delegate and sent back to** **disease.status@woah.org**

**during the month of November each year**

|  |
| --- |
| COUNTRY \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| SPECIFIC PERIOD \_\_\_\_*DD/MM/YEAR – DD/MM/YEAR*\_\_\_\_  |

**In accordance with Resolution No. 15 of the 2020 Adapted Procedure and other relevant Resolutions previously adopted, Members having an officially recognised animal health status or risk status should reconfirm every year, during the month of November, that their status has remained unchanged.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Question | YES | NO |
| 1. Have any modifications in the legislation regarding BSE and feed control been made during the past 12 months?
 |  |  |
| 1. Does the surveillance programme comply with the guideline in Articles 11.4.20. to 11.4.22. of the *Terrestrial Code*?
 |  |  |
| 1. Have any changes in the epidemiological situation or other significant events regarding BSE occurred during the past 12 months?
 |  |  |

4. Please complete the 5 following tables

Table 1: Describe bovines and ruminant-derived meat-and-bone meal (MBM) and greaves imports from all countries in this table.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Country of origin of import** | **Commodity and quantity** |
| **Cattle** | **MBM & products containing MBM** |
| **Number of head** | **Use** | **Amount** | **Type of commodity (+)** |
|   |   |   |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |
| (+) Specify type and intended use of feedstuff and species composition of ingredients |

Table 2: Complete this table on the audit findings in rendering plants (inspections and sampling, if applicable).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type of plant** | **Number of rendering plants processing ruminant material** | **Number of plants in (A) inspected** | **Total number of visual inspections in (B)** | **Total number of plants in (B) with infractions** | **Total number of inspected plants in (B) with sampling** | **Total number of plants in (C) with positive test results** |
|  | **(A)** | **(B)** |  |  | **(C)** |  |
| For ruminants only |  |  |  |  | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| For multi-species |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3: Complete this table on the audit findings in feed mills producing feed for ruminants (inspections and sampling, if applicable).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type of plant**  | **Number of plants** | **Number of plants in (A) inspected** | **Total number of visual inspections in (B)** | **Total number of plants in (B) with infractions** | **Total number of inspected plants in (B) with sampling for the detection of ruminant protein** | **Total number of plants in (C) with positive test results** |
|  | **(A)** | **(B)** |  |  | **(C)** |  |
| For ruminants only |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For multi- species |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4: Complete this table for each plant in Tables 2 and 3 with infractions, specifying the type of infraction and corrective measures.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type of plant**  | **Plant ID** | **Nature of infraction** | **Corrective measures** | **Follow up**  |
| Rendering plant | ID 1 |  |  |  |
| ID 2 |  |  |  |
| ID 3 etc. |  |  |  |
| Feed mill | ID 1 |  |  |  |
| ID 2 |  |  |  |
| ID 3 etc. |  |  |  |

Table 5: Record surveillance conducted since your last submission or update in this table (cover a period of 12 months).

1. Provide the adult cattle population size (24 months and older):\_\_\_*insert number*\_\_\_animals
2. \*Specific period for surveillance (check one of the boxes below):

*Please make sure that the current reporting period does not overlap with the previous reporting period.*

□ Same as period at the top of the form
□ Different period for BSE surveillance (Specify the period: \_*DD/MM/YEAR – DD/MM/YEAR*\_)

|  |
| --- |
| **SUMMARY TABLE FOR BSE SURVEILLANCE** |
| **Surveillance subpopulations** |
|  | **Routine slaughter** | **Fallen stock** | **Casualty slaughter** | **Clinical suspect** |
| **Samples**  | **Points** | **Samples**  | **Points** | **Samples**  | **Points** | **Samples**  | **Points** |
| ≥2 and <4 years | **0** | 0,1 | **0** | 0,2 | **0** | 0,4 | **0** | 260 |
| ≥4 and <7 years | **0** | 0,2 | **0** | 0,9 | **0** | 1,6 | **0** | 750 |
| ≥7 and <9 years | **0** | 0,1 | **0** | 0,4 | **0** | 0,7 | **0** | 220 |
| ≥9 years | **0** | 0 | **0** | 0,1 | **0** | 0,2 | **0** | 45 |
| Subtotals | **0** |  | **0** |  | **0** |  | **0** |  |
| Total points | **0** | **0** | **0** | **0** |

Please provide any additional comments and/or provide relevant material associated to your annual reconfirmation of BSE risk status.

|  |
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| **I certify that the above are correct.**Date: Signature of Delegate: |

**[Reference to the relevant article in the BSE chapter of the *Terrestrial Animal Health Code* (2022)]**

|  |
| --- |
| Article 11.4.3.**Negligible BSE risk** [*Commodities*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_marchandise) from the cattle population of a country, [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) or [*compartment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_compartiment) pose a negligible risk of transmitting the BSE agent if the following conditions are met:1. a [*risk assessment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_appreciation_du_risque), as described in point 1) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.), has been conducted in order to identify the historical and existing risk factors, and the Member Country has demonstrated that appropriate specific measures have been taken for the relevant period of time defined below to manage each identified risk;
2. the Member has demonstrated that Type B [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) in accordance with Articles [11.4.20.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.20.) to [11.4.22.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.22.) is in place and the relevant points target, in accordance with Table 1, has been met;
3. EITHER:
	1. there has been no [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE or, if there has been a [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), every [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE has been demonstrated to have been imported and has been completely destroyed, and
		1. the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) have been complied with for at least seven years; and
		2. it has been demonstrated through an appropriate level of control and audit, including that of cross contamination, that for at least eight years neither [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) nor [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton) derived from ruminants has been fed to ruminants;

OR* 1. if there has been an indigenous [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), every indigenous [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) was born more than 11 years ago; and
		1. the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) have been complied with for at least seven years; and
		2. it has been demonstrated through an appropriate level of control and audit, including that of cross contamination, that for at least eight years neither [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) nor [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton) derived from ruminants has been fed to ruminants;
		3. all BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), as well as:
			+ all cattle which, during their first year of life, were reared with the BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) during their first year of life, and which investigation showed consumed the same potentially contaminated [*feed*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_aliment) during that period, or
			+ if the results of the investigation are inconclusive, all cattle born in the same [*herd*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cheptel) as, and within 12 months of the birth of, the BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas),

if alive in the country, [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) or [*compartment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_compartiment), are permanently identified, and their movements controlled, and, when slaughtered or at death, are completely destroyed.The Member Country or [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) will be included in the list of negligible risk only after the submitted evidence has been accepted by WOAH. Retention on the list requires that the information for the previous 12 months on [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) results and [*feed*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_aliment) controls be re-submitted annually and changes in the epidemiological situation or other significant events should be reported to WOAH according to the requirements in Chapter [1.1.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_notification.htm#chapitre_notification)  |

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| Article 11.4.4**Controlled BSE risk** [*Commodities*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_marchandise) from the cattle population of a country, [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) or [*compartment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_compartiment) pose a controlled risk of transmitting the BSE agent if the following conditions are met:1. a [*risk assessment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_appreciation_du_risque), as described in point 1) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.), has been conducted in order to identify the historical and existing risk factors, and the Member Country has demonstrated that appropriate measures are being taken to manage all identified risks, but these measures have not been taken for the relevant period of time;
2. the Member Country has demonstrated that Type A [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) in accordance with Articles [11.4.20.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.20.) to [11.4.22.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.22.) has been carried out and the relevant points target, in accordance with Table 1, has been met; Type B [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) may replace Type A [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) once the relevant points target is met;
3. EITHER:
	1. there has been no [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE or, if there has been a [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), every [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE has been demonstrated to have been imported and has been completely destroyed, the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) are complied with, and it can be demonstrated through an appropriate level of control and audit, including that of cross contamination, that neither [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) nor [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton) derived from ruminants has been fed to ruminants, but at least one of the following two conditions applies:
		1. the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) have not been complied with for seven years;
		2. it cannot be demonstrated that controls over the feeding of [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) or [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton) derived from ruminants to ruminants have been in place for eight years;

OR* 1. there has been an indigenous [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE, the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) are complied with, and it can be demonstrated through an appropriate level of control and audit, including that of cross contamination, that neither [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) nor [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton)derived from ruminants has been fed to ruminants;

and all BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), as well as:* + 1. all cattle which, during their first year of life, were reared with the BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) during their first year of life, and which investigation showed consumed the same potentially contaminated [*feed*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_aliment) during that period, or
		2. if the results of the investigation are inconclusive, all cattle born in the same [*herd*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cheptel) as, and within 12 months of the birth of, the BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas),

if alive in the country, [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) or [*compartment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_compartiment), are permanently identified, and their movements controlled, and, when slaughtered or at death, are completely destroyed.The Member Country or [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) will be included in the list of controlled risk only after the submitted evidence has been accepted by WOAH. Retention on the list requires that the information for the previous 12 months on [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) results and [*feed*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_aliment) controls be re-submitted annually and changes in the epidemiological situation or other significant events should be reported to WOAH according to the requirements in Chapter [1.1.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_notification.htm#chapitre_notification) |

**Form for the annual reconfirmation of the bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE) risk status of Members**

**To be filled in, dated, signed by the Delegate and sent back to** **disease.status@woah.org**

**during the month of November each year**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| COUNTRY \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ | ZONE \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| SPECIFIC PERIOD \_\_\_\_*DD/MM/YEAR – DD/MM/YEAR*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  |

**In accordance with Resolution No. 15 of the 2020 Adapted Procedure and other relevant Resolutions previously adopted, Members having an officially recognised animal health status or risk status should reconfirm every year, during the month of November, that their status has remained unchanged.**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Question | YES | NO |
| 1. Have any modifications in the legislation regarding BSE and feed control been made during the past 12 months?
 |  |  |
| 1. Does the surveillance programme comply with the guideline in Articles 11.4.20. to 11.4.22. of the *Terrestrial Code*?
 |  |  |
| 1. Have any changes in the epidemiological situation or other significant events regarding BSE occurred during the past 12 months?
 |  |  |

4. Please complete the 5 following tables

Table 1: Describe bovines and ruminant-derived meat-and-bone meal (MBM) and greaves imports from all countries and introduced from the undetermined zone in this table

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Country of origin of import** | **Commodity and quantity** |
| **Cattle** | **MBM & products containing MBM** |
| **Number of head** | **Use** | **Amount** | **Type of commodity (+)** |
|   |   |   |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |
| (+) Specify type and intended use of feedstuff and species composition of ingredients |

Table 2: Complete this table on the audit findings in rendering plants (inspections and sampling, if applicable).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type of plant** | **Number of rendering plants processing ruminant material** | **Number of plants in (A) inspected** | **Total number of visual inspections in (B)** | **Total number of plants in (B) with infractions** | **Total number of inspected plants in (B) with sampling** | **Total number of plants in (C) with positive test results** |
|  | **(A)** | **(B)** |  |  | **(C)** |  |
| For ruminants only |  |  |  |  | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| For multi-species |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3: Complete this table on the audit findings in feed mills producing feed for ruminants (inspections and sampling, if applicable).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type of plant**  | **Number of plants** | **Number of plants in (A) inspected** | **Total number of visual inspections in (B)** | **Total number of plants in (B) with infractions** | **Total number of inspected plants in (B) with sampling for the detection of ruminant protein** | **Total number of plants in (C) with positive test results** |
|  | **(A)** | **(B)** |  |  | **(C)** |  |
| For ruminants only |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For multi- species |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4: Complete this table for each plant in Tables 2 and 3 with infractions, specifying the type of infraction and corrective measures.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Type of plant**  | **Plant ID** | **Nature of infraction** | **Corrective measures** | **Follow up**  |
| Rendering plant | ID 1 |  |  |  |
| ID 2 |  |  |  |
| ID 3 etc. |  |  |  |
| Feed mill | ID 1 |  |  |  |
| ID 2 |  |  |  |
| ID 3 etc. |  |  |  |

Table 5: Record surveillance conducted since your last submission or update in this table (cover a period of 12 months).

1. Provide the adult cattle population size (24 months and older):\_\_\_*insert number*\_\_\_animals
2. \*Specific period for surveillance (check one of the boxes below):

*Please make sure that the current reporting period does not overlap with the previous reporting period.*

□ Same as period at the top of the form
□ Different period for BSE surveillance (Specify the period: \_*DD/MM/YEAR – DD/MM/YEAR*\_)

|  |
| --- |
| **SUMMARY TABLE FOR BSE SURVEILLANCE** |
| **Surveillance subpopulations** |
|  | **Routine slaughter** | **Fallen stock** | **Casualty slaughter** | **Clinical suspect** |
| **Samples**  | **Points** | **Samples**  | **Points** | **Samples**  | **Points** | **Samples**  | **Points** |
| ≥2 and <4 years | **0** | 0,1 | **0** | 0,2 | **0** | 0,4 | **0** | 260 |
| ≥4 and <7 years | **0** | 0,2 | **0** | 0,9 | **0** | 1,6 | **0** | 750 |
| ≥7 and <9 years | **0** | 0,1 | **0** | 0,4 | **0** | 0,7 | **0** | 220 |
| ≥9 years | **0** | 0 | **0** | 0,1 | **0** | 0,2 | **0** | 45 |
| Subtotals | **0** |  | **0** |  | **0** |  | **0** |  |
| Total points | **0** | **0** | **0** | **0** |

Please provide any additional comments and/or provide relevant material associated to your annual reconfirmation of BSE risk status.

|  |
| --- |
| **I certify that the above are correct.**Date: Signature of Delegate: |

**[Reference to the relevant article in the BSE chapter of the *Terrestrial Animal Health Code* (2022)]**

|  |
| --- |
| Article 11.4.3.**Negligible BSE risk** [*Commodities*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_marchandise) from the cattle population of a country, [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) or [*compartment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_compartiment) pose a negligible risk of transmitting the BSE agent if the following conditions are met:1. a [*risk assessment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_appreciation_du_risque), as described in point 1) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.), has been conducted in order to identify the historical and existing risk factors, and the Member Country has demonstrated that appropriate specific measures have been taken for the relevant period of time defined below to manage each identified risk;
2. the Member Country has demonstrated that Type B [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) in accordance with Articles [11.4.20.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.20.) to [11.4.22.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.22.) is in place and the relevant points target, in accordance with Table 1, has been met;
3. EITHER:
	1. there has been no [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE or, if there has been a [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), every [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE has been demonstrated to have been imported and has been completely destroyed, and
		1. the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) have been complied with for at least seven years; and
		2. it has been demonstrated through an appropriate level of control and audit, including that of cross contamination, that for at least eight years neither [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) nor [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton) derived from ruminants has been fed to ruminants;

OR* 1. if there has been an indigenous [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), every indigenous [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) was born more than 11 years ago; and
		1. the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) have been complied with for at least seven years; and
		2. it has been demonstrated through an appropriate level of control and audit, including that of cross contamination, that for at least eight years neither [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) nor [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton) derived from ruminants has been fed to ruminants;
		3. all BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), as well as:
			+ all cattle which, during their first year of life, were reared with the BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) during their first year of life, and which investigation showed consumed the same potentially contaminated [*feed*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_aliment) during that period, or
			+ if the results of the investigation are inconclusive, all cattle born in the same [*herd*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cheptel) as, and within 12 months of the birth of, the BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas),

if alive in the country, [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) or [*compartment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_compartiment), are permanently identified, and their movements controlled, and, when slaughtered or at death, are completely destroyed.The Member Country or [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) will be included in the list of negligible risk only after the submitted evidence has been accepted by WOAH. Retention on the list requires that the information for the previous 12 months on [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) results and [*feed*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_aliment) controls be re-submitted annually and changes in the epidemiological situation or other significant events should be reported to WOAH according to the requirements in Chapter [1.1.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_notification.htm#chapitre_notification)  |

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| Article 11.4.4**Controlled BSE risk** [*Commodities*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_marchandise) from the cattle population of a country, [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) or [*compartment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_compartiment) pose a controlled risk of transmitting the BSE agent if the following conditions are met:1. a [*risk assessment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_appreciation_du_risque), as described in point 1) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.), has been conducted in order to identify the historical and existing risk factors, and the Member Country has demonstrated that appropriate measures are being taken to manage all identified risks, but these measures have not been taken for the relevant period of time;
2. the Member Country has demonstrated that Type A [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) in accordance with Articles [11.4.20.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.20.) to [11.4.22.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.22.) has been carried out and the relevant points target, in accordance with Table 1, has been met; Type B [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) may replace Type A [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) once the relevant points target is met;
3. EITHER:
	1. there has been no [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE or, if there has been a [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), every [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE has been demonstrated to have been imported and has been completely destroyed, the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) are complied with, and it can be demonstrated through an appropriate level of control and audit, including that of cross contamination, that neither [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) nor [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton) derived from ruminants has been fed to ruminants, but at least one of the following two conditions applies:
		1. the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) have not been complied with for seven years;
		2. it cannot be demonstrated that controls over the feeding of [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) or [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton) derived from ruminants to ruminants have been in place for eight years;

OR* 1. there has been an indigenous [*case*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) of BSE, the criteria in points 2) to 4) of Article [11.4.2.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_bse.htm#article_bse.2.) are complied with, and it can be demonstrated through an appropriate level of control and audit, including that of cross contamination, that neither [*meat-and-bone meal*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_farines_de_viande_et_d_os) nor [*greaves*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_creton)derived from ruminants has been fed to ruminants;

and all BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas), as well as:* + 1. all cattle which, during their first year of life, were reared with the BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas) during their first year of life, and which investigation showed consumed the same potentially contaminated [*feed*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_aliment) during that period, or
		2. if the results of the investigation are inconclusive, all cattle born in the same [*herd*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cheptel) as, and within 12 months of the birth of, the BSE [*cases*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_cas),

if alive in the country, [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) or [*compartment*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_compartiment), are permanently identified, and their movements controlled, and, when slaughtered or at death, are completely destroyed.The Member Country or [*zone*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_zone_region) will be included in the list of controlled risk only after the submitted evidence has been accepted by WOAH. Retention on the list requires that the information for the previous 12 months on [*surveillance*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_surveillance) results and [*feed*](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=glossaire.htm#terme_aliment) controls be re-submitted annually and changes in the epidemiological situation or other significant events should be reported to WOAH according to the requirements in Chapter [1.1.](http://www.oie.int/index.php?id=169&L=0&htmfile=chapitre_notification.htm#chapitre_notification) |