

The One Health Platform in Cameroon

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Plan

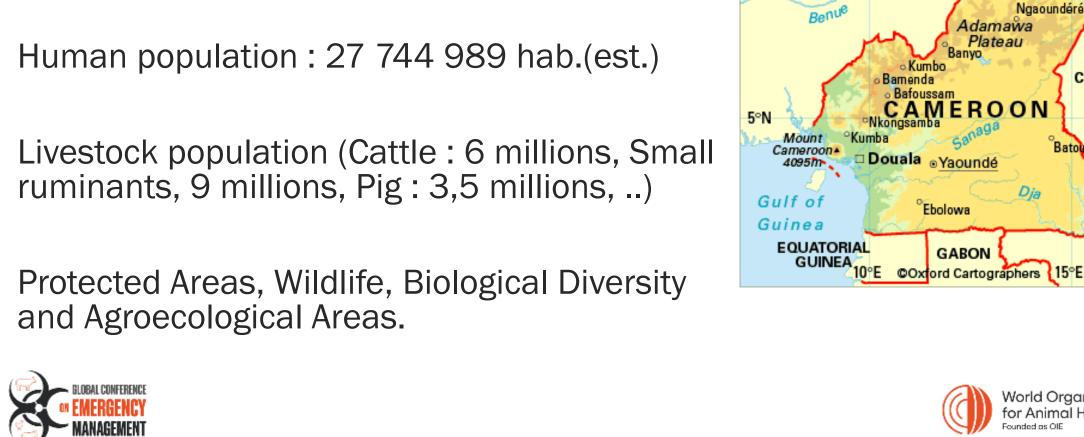
- Context
- Zoonoses Program, Cameroon One Health Platform
- One Health Platform: achievements and impact
- Challenges and perspectives
- Conclusion





Context

475 422 Km²







15°E

NIGERIA

200 miles

100 200 kilometres

Mandara Mountains ⊚Maroua

Garoua

Chad

CHAD

CENTRAL AFRICAN

REPUBLIC

10°N

5°N

Context

Results of assessments (WHO - PVS, WHO - IHR, International Environmental Conventions)



OMS, RSI, JEE, 2017





PVS PATHWAY EVOLUTION

adapting for an even brighter future of improving animal health and welfare globally



Environmental and Biosafety Conventions



Cameroon 2006, 2011, 2022

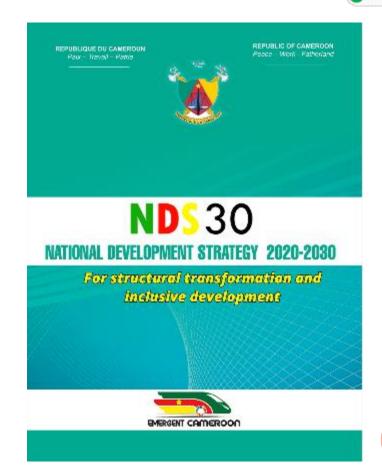


Context



National focus

Vision 2025
NDS 30,
Strategies and sub-strategies,
National policies







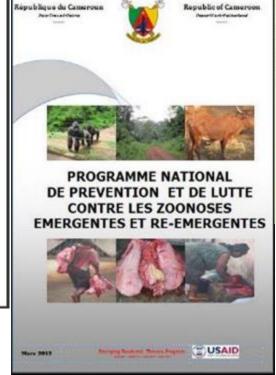
Zoonoses Program, Cameroon One Health Platform

- PM's decree on the creation, organisation and functioning of the Zoonoses Programme, april 2014
- Mandate
 - Article 3
- Placed under the authority of the PM and the supervision of the SG/PM
- Promote the " One Health " concept through a multisector multi-disciplinary and approach

Institutional basis



2012



Emerging and re-emerging infectious diseases diagnosed across the globe during the past ten years and above have been overwhelmingly (75%) zoonatic i.e. diseases transmissible from animals to man and vice versa. For example between 2004 through 2012 several emerging or reemerging zoonoric diseases such as Antheux, Highly Pathogenic Avian Influenza (HPAI) HSNI, Pandamic Flo (A-HIN1-2009), Rabise and Tuberculosis have been diagnosed in Cameroon.

The Construent of Cameroon, conscious of the potential negative impacts of such diseases or animal, human and environmental health, food security as well as on the socio-economic advancement of the country, by Prime Ministerial Act N°070/PM of 28" April 2008, put in place an ad hoc committee charged with the elaboration of the National Program for the Prevention and fight against Emerging and Re-Emerging Zoonases (NPPFERZ).

Under the apapices of the Minister of Livestock Fisheries and Animal Industry (MINEPIA), a collaboration with experts from other Ministerial Departments namely, Forestry / Wildlife, Environment, Public Health, Scientific Research, Agriculture, Tourism, Territorial Administration / De - contralization, Economy, Plan / Regional Development, Finance, Communication, Higher Education, technical and financial support from RESPOND - USAID, other stakeholders, the guidance of two consultants and by a multi-disciplinary multi-sector approach the ad hot committee was charged with the elaboration of the Program.

On this basis and following working field visits to elles within the nation where these diseases have been reported, proposals on how to efficiently and effectively prevent and right emerging and re-emerging gonnatic diseases in the country were tabled for evaluation, amendmen adoption and validation.

With the "one health approach" as harbinger, national stateholders working in synergy with competent experts from International organizations had to ensure that the development realization or implementation of validated imstruments or solutions are in the letter and spirit of

Consequently team work in a multi-sectional, inter-disciplinary manner is the way forward in the surveillance, prevention and fight against these diseases. In other words, it takes into account a holistic and transversal vision that integrates stakeholders of animal, human and environments

We hereby invite all staloholders involved in this endeavor to and with a spirit of determined collab oration, whole hearted in engage in resolving this grossome problem



Protection of Nature

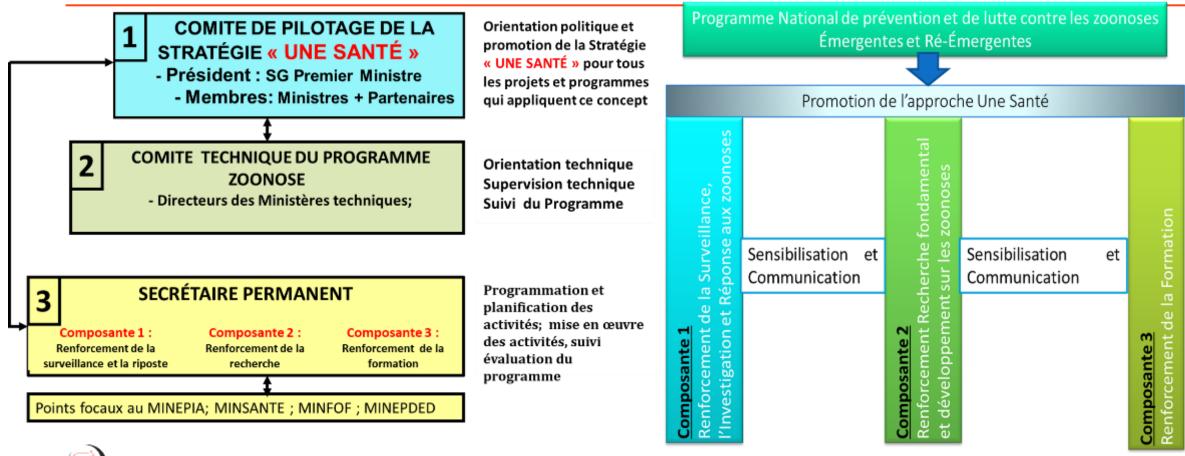
Minister of Forests and Wildlift







Zoonoses Program, Cameroon One Health Platform







One Health Platform: achievements and impact



1- PREVENTION AND MITIGATION

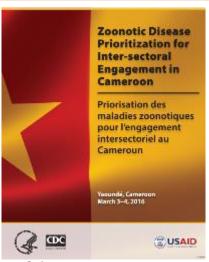
- Prioritisation of zoonotic diseases
- Risk Assessment
- Epidemiological surveillance





Prioritisation of zoonotic diseases: 02 exercises

Prioritisation, 2016



- **√** Rabies
- **✓** Anthrax
- **✓ HPAI**
- **√** Ebola
- **✓ Bovine Tuberculosis**



N°	Agro- ecological Zones	Regions	Priority Zoonoses	Other zoonoses
1	Bimodal rainforest zone	CE, SU and ES	M bovine Tuberculosis	Rabies, MPX, HPAI
2	Monomodal rainforest zone	LT, SW	HPAI	Lassa fever, Ebola, Mb Tuberculosis
3	Highlands zone	OU, NW	HPAI	Anthrax, Lassa fever, Mb Tuberculosis
4	High savana zone	AD	M bovine Tuberculosis	Lassa fever ; Trypanosomiasis ; MPX
5	Sudano- sahelian zone	NO, EN	Rabies	Anthrax, Mb Tuberculosis, fièvre Lassa fever



Salmonellosis

Lassa fever

Trypanosomiasis

Monkeypox

Brucellosis



02 Joint Risk Assessments conducted

- O1 on the emergence of monkeypox in the Centre, South and East regions and the spread of COVID-19 at the human-animal-environment interface
- 01 on the emergence of bovine tuberculosis and brucellosis at the humananimal-environment interface

Conducted by the country's pool of experts







Epidemiological surveillance

- Development of an SOP for multisector surveillance;
- Technical, material and financial support for missions to investigate outbreaks of monkeypox, rabies, anthrax, brucellosis... on average 5 multisector investigations per year;







Epidemiological surveillance in protected areas

Capacity building of ecoguards on wildlife monitoring in protected areas; one training session per year, about 100 ecoguards trained in 4 years







Rumour Management, strengthening early detection...

Studies conducted for the development of an integrated rumour management system (Cmr One Health Rumour Management System (COHRMS))







One Health Platform: achievements and impact



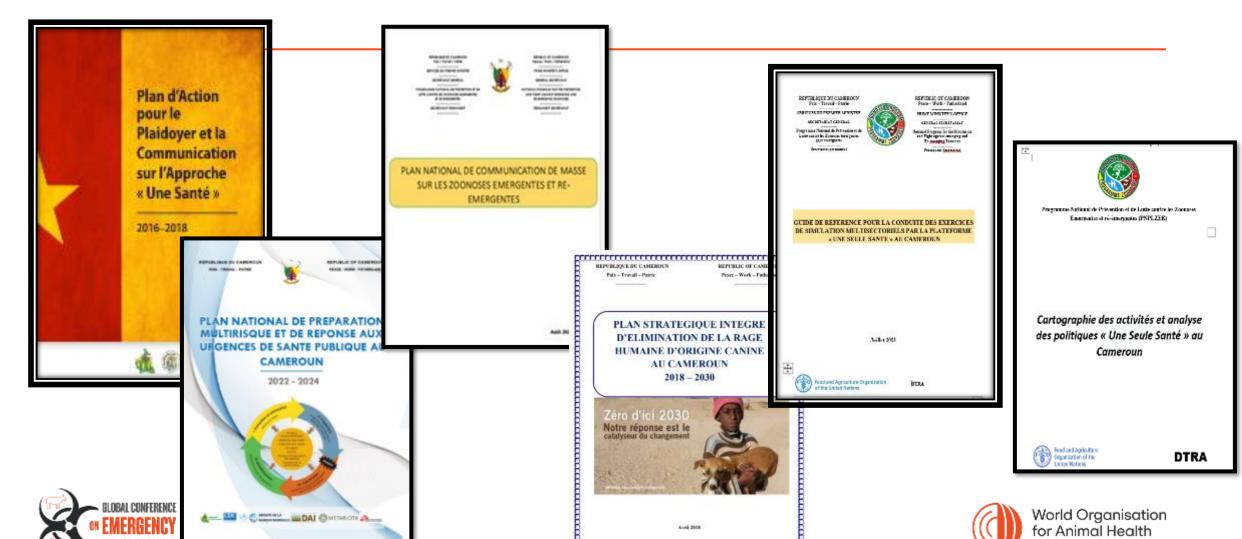
2- PREPAREDNESS

- Plans and procedures
- Training
- Simulation Exercises





Development of documents, plans and SOPs



Training (1/2)

Themes	Targets attained	Perception of impact/results
One Health approach and health security	30 Senators	- Advocacy to improvelegislation- Orientation of funding
	200 staff of sector ministries at central and deconcentrated levels in 5 years	- Strengthening multisectoral collaboration – Creation of Regional OH groups
	18 Civil Society Organisations	-Appropriation of the OH approach
Epidemiological Surveillance	100 eco-guards in 4 years	Early detection and reporting of zoonotic diseases in protected areas







Training (2/2)

Themes	Target attained	Perception of impact/results
	30 staff of ministries at the central level	-Appropriation of the OH approach
Risk Communication and Community	20 media actors	-Appropriation of the approach, stakes and networking
Engagement	20 public health communicators	-Appropriation of the approach, stakes and networking
	35 persons representing 18 Civil Society Organisations	- Community engagement
Emergency management (IMS and PHEOC)	30 staffs from partner ministries at the national level	-Appropriation of the IMS









Success story with CSOs

3 trained CSOs developed action plans for community based actions in response to Covid 19:

- Dialogue with communities on immunization
- Sensitization on barrier measures, with emphasis on hand washing
- Detecting rumours on Covid 19
- Adopting healthy behaviours to prevent zoonotic diseases
- Food safety





CSO OH network created



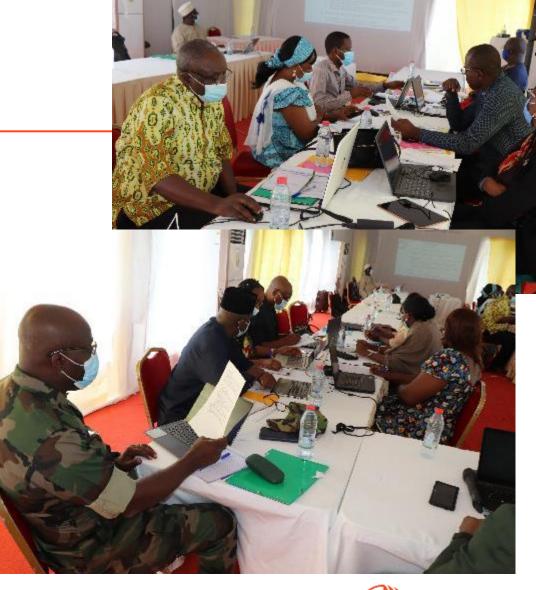




Simulation Exercises

 01 functional multi-sector case management exercise on Ebola (Women's AFCON 2016)

O1 multi-sector (tabletop)
 exercise for zoonotic disease
 outbreak management, with
 the involvement of the private
 sector and the civil society







One Health Platform: achievements and impact



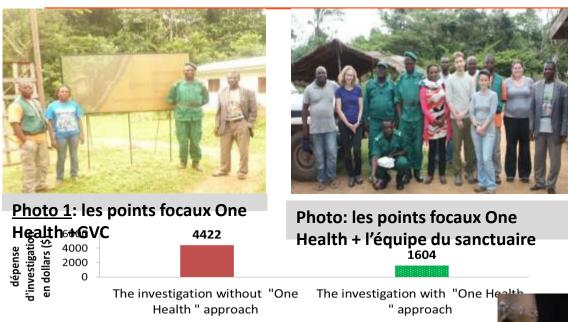
3- RESPONSE

- Coordination
- Technical and material support
- Infrastructure





Multi-sector management of monkeypox cases



- Funding of multi sector investigations
- Production and distribution of sensitization tools
- Prompt response











Multi-sector management of HPAI/ H5N1 (2016,

2022)

Multi-sector interventions

- Joint press release
- Joint press conferences
- Sharing of reports between the two ministries
- Laboratory surveillance network, joint investigations



Shared response efforts

Material support

Shared expertise

 Consistency in crisis communication





One Health Platform: achievements and impact



4- COMMUNICATION





Communication (1/2)

- Established a working group on risk communication and community engagement
- Sensitization of about 1500 people at risk through specific campaigns,
- the celebration of World Days (Zoonoses, Rabies, OH, AMR)







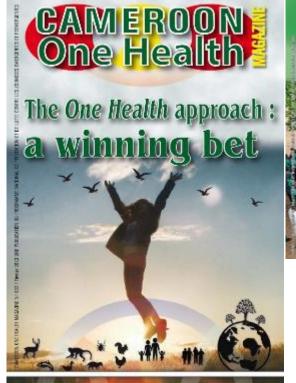


Communication (2/2)

- Strengthening of digital communication (website, twitter account, facebook account...)
- Development of an annual One Health Magazine and a quarterly newsletter













During the Evaluation of the One Health Platform with the One Health Monitoring Tool, gaps were identified in certain domains, and we look forward to fill those gaps.

Follow also the recommendation of alignment with the "One Health" quadripartite action plan





- Sustainable financing of the program and the contribution of the sectors and partners involved
- The true operationalization of the "One Health" approach at the deconcentrated level (Regions, Departments, Arrondissements or Communes);
- This platform should take into account other public health issues such as antimicrobial resistance, food safety, etc.





- Operationalization of the One Health Summer Institute
- Establish an integrated mechanism for collecting and sharing data on priority zoonoses and other zoonotic threats
- Operationalisation of the rumour management system
- Organisation of a National One Health Conference (World One Health Day)





- Development of a One Health training manual and a One Health toolkit
- Support for the strengthening of the technical capacities of laboratories for the diagnosis of priority zoonoses
- Support for the operationalisation of the One Health CSO network (ROOHCAM)
- Support for the development of the animal health EOC



Conclusion

Collaboration

Coordination

Communication

Capacity Building









Thank you

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