# Antimicrobial use and antimicrobial resistance

As misuse and overuse of antimicrobials can lead to the development of antimicrobial resistance (AMR), the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH, founded as OIE) develops international standards on their responsible and prudent use in animals. Through its Annual Report, the **Observatory** intends to assess the uptake of these standards.

## Critically important antimicrobials are still being used as growth promoters in animals

Antimicrobials listed as 'veterinary critically important antimicrobial agents' by WOAH

Antimicrobials listed as 'highest priority critically important for human medicine' by the World Health Organization (WHO)



Percentage of Members using critically important antimicrobials as growth promoters in animals Source: ANIMUSE Global Database, 2020-2021

#### An increasing number of Members are implementing national strategies against AMR

Around of Members implement and/or monitor a National **Action Plan on AMR** (AMR-NAP) in the animal sector



This figure is 3 times higher than it was in 2016, the year after the launch of the **Global Action Plan** on AMR



- No AMR-NAP
- AMR-NAP under development
- AMR-NAP developed
- AMR-NAP developed and implemented
- AMR-NAP developed, implemented and monitored

Percentage of Members with different levels of development of their AMR-NAP

Source: Tracking Antimicrobial Resistance Country Self-Assessment Survey (TrACSS), 2016-2027

#### **AMR** national surveillance systems need to be further developed

Almost

of Members do not have an surveillance system

Other Members have surveillance systems at various stages of development.

For instance, 44% of them conduct systematic data collection and monitor levels of AMR, with laboratories that follow quality assurance processes.

Less than half of Members have an integrated multisectoral surveillance system for AMR and antimicrobial use (AMU) in place



#### **Training on AMR is widespread** across Members

Over of Members provide training on AMR and AMU in the veterinary sector

either through ad hoc courses, core curricula for graduating veterinary professionals or continuing professional training.



Core curricula for graduating veterinary professionals + continuing professional training

Members' AMR training and professional education in the veterinary sector

Data on AMU are available in the factsheet of the 6th Annual Report on antimicrobial use in animals published in June 2022.

Source: TrACSS, 2020-2021

**Recommendations** 

- Advocate for the responsible use of antimicrobials by the private and public sectors.
- Reinforce capacity building activities on AMR and AMU.

#### Members

 Stop using antimicrobials as animal growth promoters if they are listed by WHO or WOAH as critically important.

- Members using other antimicrobials as growth promoters are encouraged to systematically accompany their use with a risk analysis, in line with WOAH's recommendations.
- Implement and monitor a National Action Plan on AMR and improve surveillance systems.
- Provide continuing professional training on AMR and AMU.

### Access the full information here

Please consider the data limitations outlined in the full Annual Report when consulting this document.



World Organisation for Animal Health Founded as OIE